NAME:			

2001 CONGRESS DIRECTORS' EXAM

PAPER 2 – LAWS AND REGULATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS

- Write in black or blue biro.
- ◆ Answer all questions on the exam paper. There is additional space at the back of the paper.
- ♦ There is no need to go into minute detail. Write enough to show that you understand the law and can apply it in the given situations.
- All answers require a Law Reference Number
- Time allowed is flexible, but 3 hours should be sufficient.
- ◆ Candidates may refer to the 1997 Laws, the QBA Tournament Regulations, the ABF Alerting and System Regulations and one other book of their choice.

"You" means you as the director.

To pass this exam candidates must show a thorough understanding of all the laws, with particular reference to the more difficult areas.

If you wish to have your marked paper(s) returned please give \$2 to your exam supervisor and write your mailing address below.

ADDRESS

QUESTION ONE

Are the following statements "True" or "False"? State the reference number of the Law that influenced your decision. If a QBA Regulation is relevant write "QBA".

		"T"/"F"	Law No./QBA
A)	A player who writes "2" before realizing that it is		
	not his turn to bid, is deemed to have made a bid		
	out of turn.		
B)	If the bidding pad has been marked with the		
	dealer and the vulnerability it is permissible to		
	remove the duplicate board from the table.		
C)	A player may change a bid providing he does so		
	in the same breath.		
D)	North makes a faced opening lead out of turn of		
	the \(\Lambda \) K. From the options given to him, declarer		
	asks for a spade lead from South and the ♠K is		
	returned to North's hand.		
	(a) The knowledge that North holds the ♠K is		
	authorized to South.		
	(b) The knowledge that North will hold ♠KQJx		
	or ♠KQ9x for such a lead is not authorized to		
	South at this time.		
E)	All doubles and redoubles are "Self alerting" and		
	must not be alerted.		
F)	A defender leads to the next trick before his		
	partner has played to the current trick. Declarer		
	may require the offender's partner to play the		
	highest card of the suit led to the current trick.		
G)	The partner of a player who has hesitated must		
	pass for the rest of the auction.		
H)	Declarer claims the rest of the tricks without		
	stating a line of play. The defenders are given all		
	tricks that could possibly be won from any legal		
1)	line of play.		
I)	Players do not have to alert conventional bids		
I)	which are fully described on their System Card.		
J)	If an opponent opens 1D to show 10-14 HCP and at least 4 spades, then an overcall of 1S must		
	not be alerted.		
K)	Declarer is permitted to play cards from dummy		
IX)	by touching them rather than by naming cards.		
L)	Declarer must play a card detached from his		
Lj	hand if either of the opponents can see it.		
	name it cities of the oppositions can see it.		

QUESTION TWO (a) Bidding has gone: West North East

West	North	East	South	
INT	Pass	2 D	2Н	
to hearts.		le? Comment of	at the 2D bid was conventional and a on any aspects of authorized and	transfer
LAW REF	TERENCE No(s).		
(b) How w	ould your rulin	g differ if the b	idding had gone	
West	North	East	South	
INT	Pass	2 D	2H	
Pass	Pass			
			ying transfers over 1NT and alerts a al and a transfer to hearts?	nd

L	AW REFEREN	NCE No(s).		
QUESTION				
(a) The biddin	ng goes:			
West	North	East	South	
1 ♣	X	Pass	XX	
You are called	d. How do you	rule?		
				_
LAW REFER	ENCE No(s).			
	. ,			
(b) How woul	d your ruling di	iffer if the redo	ouble had been foll	owed by three passes?
I AW REFER				

No(s)._____

QUESTION FOUR

In a 3NT contract, the $\blacktriangle J$ in dummy is hidden behind a small \clubsuit . The defence starts with four rounds of spades. On the 3^{rd} round a small heart is discarded from dummy and on the 4^{th} round a small \clubsuit when suddenly the $\spadesuit J$ appears. It wins the 4^{th} trick and you rule that the revoke from dummy is established and allow play to continue.

At the conclusion of play, the defence points out that declarer made 10 tricks although the defence has 5 cashable tricks had the revoke not occurred. How do you rule?
LAW REFERENCE No(s).
QUESTION FIVE
West as dealer writes 1D on the bidding pad, but immediately crosses it out and writes INT. You are called, and West claims that he inadvertently wrote 1D. Away from the table West explains that he had miscounted his points but changed his bid without his pencil leaving the paper. How do you rule?

QUESTION SIX The auction has finished. West is the defender on lead. He leaves the table and explains to you that his partner has given a wrong explanation of one of his calls and asks what he should do. How do you advise him? LAW REFERENCE No(s). (b) As above but this time presumed dummy North leaves the table and explains to you that South has given a wrong explanation of one of his calls. What advice do you give? LAW REFERENCE No(s).	
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LAW REFERENCE No(s).	
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QUESTION SEVEN

Hearts are trumps. Declarer South leads &J from dummy and East ruffs. South plays &3 and West plays the &5. East now discovers that he does have a club, so he replaces the trump with the &9.

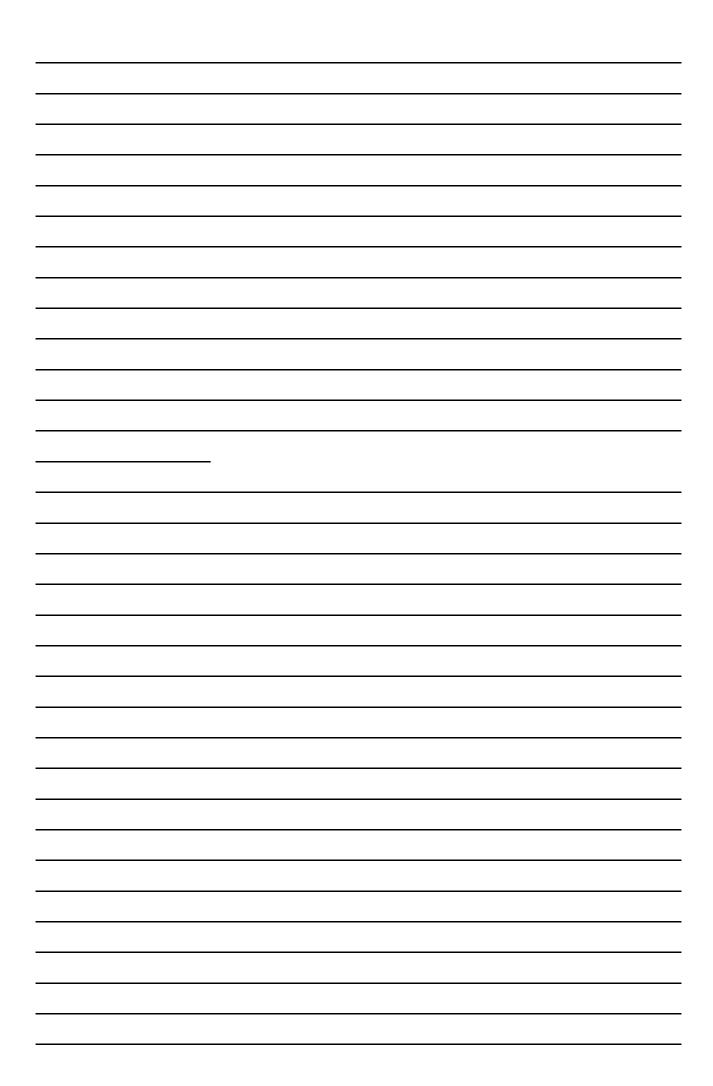
You advise de not	clarer that he n	nay change his c	eard if he wishes	to do so but he chooses		
to. West now asks if he may change the card he played. What is your answer?						
LAW REFER						
QUESTION	EIGHT					
You are runnii	ng a Barometer	movement. Bio	dding at a table h	as started with		
North	East	South	West			
1D	1H	1NT				
when a late fir table. What do		ive and it is real	ized that EW are	sitting at the wrong		
LAW REFER	ENCE					

QUESTION NINE

In a highly competitive auction, with NS bidding hearts and EW competing in spades, the auction has reached 6S by East, pass by South, pass by West. North has not yet called when South makes the opening lead face up. You are called. How do you rule?

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 LAW REFERI	ENCE No(s).				
QUESTION	TEN			_	
layers have b	een asked to c			a Swiss Pairs event.	Гwо
airs who met 20 for making	g 10 tricks in 4	4S had been ente		now realize that a scor four agree that 11 tricl	
eairs who met 20 for making	g 10 tricks in 4	4S had been ente			
airs who met 20 for making	g 10 tricks in 4	4S had been ente			
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airs who met 20 for making	g 10 tricks in 4	4S had been ente			
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pairs who met 520 for making been made for	g 10 tricks in 4 650. What do	4S had been ente			
pairs who met 520 for making peen made for	g 10 tricks in 4 650. What do	4S had been ente			
Dairs who met 520 for making been made for the control of the cont	g 10 tricks in 4 650. What do	4S had been ente			
LAW REFERI	g 10 tricks in 4 650. What do	4S had been ente			
Dairs who met 520 for making peen made for LAW REFERI	g 10 tricks in 4 650. What do ENCE No(s).	4S had been enter you do?	ered when all		

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LAW REFERENCE No(s).
QUESTION TWELVE
After play of a hand is over you are called to a table where the facts support a claim by the defenders that declarer, playing in 4H, discarded a spade on the lead of the winning A from dummy and later discarded his last club on a winning diamond led from dummy. What is your ruling?
LAW REFERENCE No(s).
ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR ANSWERS



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M) The auction proceeds 1C P X 1S. You are called and cancel the inadmissible double. Is the 1C bidder banned from the subsequent auction?

N) North deals and bids 1C, you are called after an auction 1C P 1 D P; 3NT P 3NT! After his options are described East accepts 3NT!

Passed out. Who makes the opening lead?