

NAME & POSTAL ADDRESS:

2009 CLUB DIRECTOR EXAM PAPER 2 – LAWS AND REGULATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS

- ◆ Write in black or blue pen.
- ◆ Answer all questions on the exam paper. If space is insufficient either add pages at the end or write on the back of the previous page.
- ◆ The use of "you" throughout this paper means you as the director.
- ◆ Write enough to show that you understand the law and can apply it in the given situations.
- ◆ All answers require a Law Reference Number unless told otherwise.
- ◆ Time allowed is flexible but 3 hours should be sufficient.
- ◆ You may refer to the 2007 Law Book, the QBA Regulations and one other piece of reference material of your choice. (Answers to old exam papers and prepared answers to possible questions are not permitted.)

QUESTION ONE

Answer "Yes" or "No" to the following questions.

State the reference number of the Law that influenced your answer.

If a QBA Regulation applies then give the page and/or clause number.

- A) Must players count their cards before looking at them?
- B) Should dummy call the director when attention is first drawn to an irregularity?
- C) Is the standard rectification applied after a revoke that occurred on the 12th trick?

Yes or No	Law No. QBA Reg

	Yes or No	Law No. QBA Reg
D) East opens 2NT which is alerted by West because it shows 5+ in both minors 8-11 HCP. South overcalls 3D which shows a heart suit. Is 3D self-alerting?		
E) A player writes "2" and then crosses it out and writes "3S". Is this a change of bid?		
F) South has chosen the opening lead and has placed it face down on the table. Are there circumstances when this card may be changed?		
G) A player realizes that they revoked several tricks back. Are they required to draw attention to this accidental infringement?		
H) May the left hand opponent accept an inadmissible double?		
I) Declarer has not followed suit during the current trick. May dummy ask them if they have revoked?		
J) During the auction West withdraws a bid that shows spades and another unspecified suit. May the eventual declarer, North, prohibit the opening lead of a diamond?		
K) Is an alert that is not required by regulation classed as unauthorised information?		
L) Is information from withdrawn calls authorised to the non-offenders?		
M) Declarer calls for a card that is not in the dummy. May they now call for any card that is?		
N) East has the ♣8 on the table as a minor penalty card? Is he required to play that card at the first legal opportunity?		
O) May a player ask a question solely for partner's benefit?		
P) May an insufficient bid be replaced with a double?		
Q) A player holds one card only of the suit lead. May they pause as though considering which card of several they wish to play?		

QUESTION TWO

NORTH	EAST	SOUTH	WEST
1H	Pass	3H	1S

North calls attention to the insufficient bid of 1S. West does not wait for the director and immediately crosses out 1S and writes 2S. What is your ruling?

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What Law(s) apply?

QUESTION THREE

An opening bid of 2S was made by East when North was the dealer and had not yet passed. 2S shows is a natural weak-two. North opens the bidding and East is able to make a weak-jump in spades over the opening bid. What lead restrictions, if any, are offered to declarer the first time the West is on lead, whether it is the opening lead or during the play?

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What Law(s) apply?

QUESTION FOUR

You are called to a table and find that East has faced an opening lead, but it is South that is the declarer in 3NT.

(a) What is your ruling?

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What Law(s) apply?

(b) What is your ruling if the players agree that East asked whose lead it was and when North said “yours”, promptly played a card face-up?

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What Law(s) apply?

QUESTION SEVEN

West has already looked at their cards when South announces that they only have 12 cards. West has the ♥5 from the South hand. How do you handle this situation?

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What Law(s) apply?

QUESTION EIGHT

After Trick 9 players realise that dummy has only 3 cards left. East is declarer in a contract of 3D. The missing card (the ♥A) is found face down at the previous table. How do you handle this situation?

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What Law(s) apply?

QUESTION NINE

	♠ 8643 ♥ KQ2 ♦ Q953 ♣ Q4	
♠ 5 ♥ J863 ♦ A874 ♣ J1072		♠ AKQ97 ♥ 97 ♦ J ♣ AK865
	♠ J102 ♥ A1054 ♦ K1062 ♣ 93	

East is declarer in 5C. She wins Trick 1 with the ♦A, leads to the ♣A then plays the ♣K on which North discards the ♦5.

East now plays ♠AKQ discarding 2 hearts from the dummy and ruffs a spade. She ruffs a diamond and on the last spade she discards another heart from the dummy before, surprisingly, North ruffs with the ♣Q and cashes one heart trick.

Declarer makes 11 Tricks.

What is your ruling?

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What Law(s) apply?

QUESTION TEN

North as declarer leads the ♥3 towards the ♥QJ1076 in the dummy. West immediately plays his singleton ♥K before East has played to the trick. What is your ruling?

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What Law(s) apply?

QUESTION ELEVEN

NORTH	EAST	SOUTH	WEST
		1H	1S
2S ¹	3S	4H	4S
Pass	Pass		

2S¹ shows 4+ hearts and invitational values

At this stage of the auction North makes a face up opening lead of the ♣2.
What is your ruling?

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What Law(s) apply?

QUESTION TWELVE

In the second round of a Mitchell movement, the boards at Table 6 are played quickly and North at Table 6 immediately places the played boards beside South at Table 5 long before the move is called. Unfortunately, Table 5 plays Board 25 instead of Board 24. How do you handle this situation?

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What Law(s) apply?

